Information Cards for Auschwitz - 1941

Auschwitz was hugely affected by the German invasion of the Soviet Union in June 1941. Although far from the frontline, the radicalisation of the war in the East left its mark on Auschwitz.

AUSCHWITZ 1941

Hitler had said the war against the Soviet Union would be a war of annihilation. This proved true, especially for captured Soviet prisoners. More than 3 million would die from starvation or disease.

AUSCHWITZ 1941

"They never considered us humans. They could kill us or beat us up for no reason. Of course we were sure that it was unjust."

> - Georgy Semenyak Captured Red Army soldier

AUSCHWITZ 1941

In late summer 1941 the SS conducted a mass killing experiment in the basement of Block 11. Several hundred Soviet prisoners of war and Polish prisoners were killed using a powerful insecticide called Zyklon B.

AUSCHWITZ 1941

In the killing experiment, the SS experimented with the dose of Zyklon B needed to kill people rather than insects. Prisoners died in agony. The experiment was regarded a success, but Block 11 not a good location.

AUSCHWITZ 1941

The basement of Block 11 could not be sealed, so the Nazis searched the camp for another location to use as an improvised gas chamber.

AUSCHWITZ 1941

The new gas chamber was placed in the camp crematorium. Soviet prisoners of war were among the first to die.

AUSCHWITZ 1941

AUSCHWITZ 1941

"Everyone was moaning and yelling because of the cold – it was an incredible sound, I never heard it before. Naked they enter the gassing chamber. It was a devilish, hellish image."

- Jerzy Bielecki Auschwitz prisoner The gassing of Soviet POWs was only the beginning of a regime of systematic mass murder at Auschwitz.

AUSCHWITZ 1941

AUSCHWITZ 1941